# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Dehybor <sup>®</sup> Fine Type R
Chemical name	: Disodium tetraborate anhydrous
Index number	: 005-011-00-4
EC number	: 215-540-4
CAS number	: 1330-43-4
Product type	: Solid.
Other means of identification	: Anhydrous borax, Disodium tetraborate

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Material uses	: Refer to the table "Identif	ied uses" below.
Identified uses		
Glass (Intermediate) Metallurgy (Flux agent Refractories (Flux age	ent) e) ng agent, Surface active agents, pH s for casting, Oxidising agents, Plat	ing agents and metal surface treating agents)
Uses advised agains	t	Reason
Consumer uses.		Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### **Borax Europe Limited**

6 St. James's Square London, SW1Y 4AD United Kingdom T: +44 (0)20 7781 2000

#### Borax Francais S.A.S.

Usine/Siège Social Route de Bourbourg 59411 Coudekerque-Branche Cedex, France T: +33 3 28 29 28 30

#### **Rio Tinto Iron & Titanium GmbH**

Alfred-Herrhausen-Allee 3-5, 65760 Eschborn Germany T: +49 6196 96000

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

e-mail address of person : rtb.sds@riotinto.com responsible for this SDS

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Telephone number

: +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (Rio Tinto Borates) For advice on chemical emergencies, spillages, fires or First Aid.

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the subs	ce or mixture	
Product definition	Mono-constituent substance	
Classification according to Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 1B, H360FD	ulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]	
The product is classified as h	dous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.	
See Section 16 for the full tex	he H statements declared above.	
See Section 11 for more deta	information on health effects and symptoms.	
2.2 Label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	Causes serious eye irritation. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.	
Precautionary statements		
General	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	
Prevention	Wear eye protection.	
Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if preser easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
Storage	Not applicable.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.	
Hazardous ingredients	disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	
Supplemental label elements	Not applicable.	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	Restricted to professional users.	

#### Special packaging requirements Containers to be fitted : No

Containers to be fitted : Not applicable. with child-resistant fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

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# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria
for PBT or vPvB according
to Regulation (EC) No.
1907/2006, Annex XIII

1	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
	Not applicable (Inorganic)	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not applicable (Inorganic)	N/A	N/A

Other hazards which do not result in classification : May be harmful if swallowed.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.1 Substances	: Mono-constituen	t substance			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	REACH #: 01-2119490790-32 EC: 215-540-4 CAS: 1330-43-4 Index: 005-011-00-4	>99	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 1B, H360FD	-	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

[1] Constituent

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid n	neasures
Eye contact	: Use eye wash fountain or fresh water to cleanse the eye. If irritation persists for more than 30 minutes, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	: If symptoms such as nose or throat irritation are observed, remove to fresh air.
Skin contact	: No treatment necessary.
Ingestion	: Swallowing small quantities (one teaspoon) will cause no harm to healthy adults. If larger amounts are swallowed, give two glasses of water to drink and seek medical attention.
Protection of first-aiders	: No special protective clothing is required

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Symptoms of accidental over-exposure to high doses of inorganic borate salts have been associated with ingestion or absorption through large areas of severely damaged skin. These may include nausea, vomiting, and diarrhoea, with delayed effects of skin redness and peeling.

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<b>SECTION 4: First</b>	SECTION 4: First aid measures					
Ingestion	: Symptoms of accidental over-exposure to high doses of inorganic borate salts have been associated with ingestion or absorption through large areas of severely damaged skin. These may include nausea, vomiting, and diarrhoea, with delayed effects of skin redness and peeling.					
4.3 Indication of any imm	nediate medical attention and special treatment needed					
Notes to physician	: Supportive care only is required for adult ingestion of less than a few grams of the product. For ingestion of larger amounts, maintain fluid and electrolyte balance and maintain adequate kidney function. Gastric lavage is only recommended for heavily exposed, symptomatic patients in whom emesis has not emptied the stomach. Hemodialysis should be reserved for patients with massive acute absorption, especially for patients with compromised renal function. Boron analyses of urine or blood are only useful for verifying exposure and are not useful for evaluating severity of poisoning or as a guide in treatment.					
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.					

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: None. The product is not flammable, combustible or explosive.
Hazardous combustion products	: None.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: None.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Not applicable.
Additional information	: Not explosive.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures					
For non-emergency personnel	:	Eye protection according to CEN 166:2001; respirators according to CEN149:2001 should be considered if environment is excessively dusty.			
For emergency responders	:	Eye protection according to CEN 166:2001; respirators according to CEN149:2001 should be considered if environment is excessively dusty.			
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	The product is a water-soluble white powder that may cause damage to trees or vegetation by root absorption. Avoid contamination of water bodies during clean up and disposal. Advise local water authority that none of the affected water should be used for irrigation or for the abstraction of potable water until natural dilution returns the boron value to its normal environmental background level or meets local water quality standards.			

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/20/2023	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version	:1	4/17
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# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Good housekeeping procedures should be followed to minimise dust generation and accumulation. Avoid spills.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No special handling precautions are required, but dry, indoor storage is recommended. To maintain package integrity and to minimise caking of the product, bags should be handled on a first-in first-out basis.

Storage temperature: Ambient temperature

Storage pressure: Ambient pressure Special sensitivity: Moisture (Caking)

7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Refer to Annex - Exposure Scenarios
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Borate compounds, Inorganic] TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction STEL: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction		

**Biological exposure indices** 

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: In the absence of a national OEL, Rio Tinto Borates recommends and applies internally an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) of 1 mg B/m<sup>3</sup>. To convert product into equivalent boron (B) content, multiply by 0.215.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.79 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.79 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	159.5 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	316.4 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	6.74 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	11.72 mg/ m³	General population [Consumers]	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	11.72 mg/ m³	General population [Consumers]	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	11.72 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	11.72 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	6.7 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	17.04 mg/ m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.04 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	17.04 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	17.04 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local

**PNECs** 

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	Fresh water	2.02 mg B/L	-
•	Marine water	2.02 mg B/L	-
	Water - intermittent	13.7 mg B/L	-
	Air	0 No exposure	-
		expected	
	Soil	5.4 mg B/kg dry	-
		soil	
	Sediment	0 Waived due to	-
		lack of	
		partitioning to	
		sediment	
	Sewage Treatment	10 mg B/L	-
	Plant		

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Individual protection measured	ures	
Hygiene measures :		Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: Eye protection according to CEN 166:2001 is required.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Standard work gloves (cotton, canvas or leather) may be warranted if environment is excessively dusty
Body protection	:	No special protective clothing is required.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits, respirators should be used. (CEN 149:2001).
Environmental exposure controls	:	Limiting releases from site: Where appropriate, material should be recovered and recycled through the process. Spillages of powder or granulated borates should be swept or vacuumed up immediately and placed in containers for disposal in order to prevent unintentional release to the environment. Waste containing borates should be handled as an hazardous waste and removed by licensed operator to an offsite location where it can be incinerated or disposed to a hazardous landfill.
		Water Emissions: Storage should be sheltered from precipitation. Avoid spillage into water and cover drains. Removal from water can only be accomplished by very specific treatment technologies including ion exchange resins, reverse osmosis etc. Removal efficiency is dependent upon a number of factors and will vary from 40 to 90%. Much of the technology is currently not appropriate to high volume or mixed waste streams. Boron is not removed in considerable amounts in conventional STP. If sites discharge to a municipal STP the concentration of boron should not exceed the PNEC in the municipal STP
		Air Emissions: Emissions to air can be removed by one or more of the following dust-control measures: electrostatic precipitators, cyclones, fabric or bag filters,

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

membrane filters, ceramic and metal mesh filters, and wet scrubbers

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Solid. [Crystalline solid.]
Colour	: White.
Odour	: Odourless.
Odour threshold	: Not applicable. Odourless.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable. [No melting point can be defined in the range 25 - 1000 °C due to the decomposition of the substance above 100 °C.]

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# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not applicable. [melting point >300°C]
Flammability	: Non-flammable. The product is not flammable, combustible or explosive.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Not applicable. Non-flammable.
Flash point	: Not applicable. Inorganic substance.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable (solid). [Not self-heating.]
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable. Melting point>300°C
рН	: 9.23 [Conc. (% w/w): 2.48%]
Viscosity	: Dynamic: Not applicable (not liquid). [solid substance] Kinematic: Not applicable (not liquid). [solid substance]

#### Solubility(ies)

Media		Result
cold water hot water		Soluble Soluble
Solubility in water	:	49.74 g/l [EU A.6]
Partition coefficient: n-octano water	I/ :	-1.53 [OECD 107]
Vapour pressure	:	Not applicable. Melting point>300°C
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable (solid). [Non-volatile.]
Relative density	:	2.35
Density	:	2.35 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]
Bulk density	:	Not available. Depends on batch.
Granulometry	:	Not available. Depends on batch.
Vapour density	:	Not applicable. Melting point>300°C
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive.
Oxidising properties	:	Not oxidising.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	:	Not available.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	: No	specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: Uno	der ambient temperatures, the product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions		action with strong reducing agents such as metal hydrides or alkali metals will nerate hydrogen gas which could create an explosive hazard.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		bid contact with strong reducing agents by storing according to good industrial ctice
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Stro	ong reducing agents
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products		der normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products ould not be produced.

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result type	Species	Dose	Exposure
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	>2 mg/l >2000 mg/kg Body weight: >2500 mg/kg Body weight:	4 hours - -

#### **Conclusion/Summary** : Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Disodium tetraborate anhydrous	Eyes - Irritant Skin - No irritation.	New Zealand White Rabbit New Zealand White Rabbit	-	0.08 ml equivalent 0.5 g moistened with saline	-

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin	: Non-irritant to skin. Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Eyes	: Eye irritation Category 2 (H319: Causes serious eye irritation.)

: Eye irritation Category 2 (H319: Causes serious eye irritation.) Irritating, fully reversible in 14 days. Many years of occupational exposure indicate no adverse effects on human eye.

#### Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
disodium tetraborate pentahydrate	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>		
Skin	: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory	No respiratory sensitisation studies have been conducted. There are no data to suggest that disodium tetraborates are respiratory sensitisers. Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.	

#### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
boric acid	(based on boric acid)	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Germ	Negative
Conclusion/Summary	: Not mutagenic (based	on boric acid) Based on the available	data, the classification

: Not mutagenic (based on boric acid) Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Disodium tetraborate anhydrous (based on boric acid)	Negative - Oral - TC	Mouse	446 to 1150 mg/kg bw /day (mg Boric acid / kg body weight / day)	Oral feeding study
Conclusion/Summary	: No evidence of carcinogenic classification criteria are not		on the available da	ata, the

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility effects	Developmental effects	Species	Effects	Exposure
Disodium tetraborate anhydrous (based on boric acid)	Negative	Negative	Negative	Human	No adverse fertility effects in male workers. Epidemiological studies of human developmental effects have shown an absence of effects in exposed borate workers and populations living in areas with high environmental levels of boron.	Combined oral ingestion and inhalation.
	Positive	-	Positive	Rat	NOAEL in rats for developmental effects on the foetus including foetal weight loss and minor skeletal variations is 9.6 mg B/ kg body weight; NOAEL in rats for maternal toxicity is 13.3 mg B/kg body weight	Oral feeding study
	-	Positive	-	Rat	NOAEL in rats for effects on fertility in males is 17.5 mg B/kg body weight.	Oral feeding study

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Reprotoxicity studies have been conducted with boric acid and disodium tetraborate. A multigeneration study in the rat gave a NOAEL for fertility in males of 17.5 mg B/kg/ day. Developmental effects have been observed in laboratory animals, the most sensitive species being the rat with a NOAEL of 9.6 mg B/kg bw/day. Disodium tetraborate is classified under the 1st ATP to CLP as Repr. 1B; H360FD. While boron has been shown to adversely affect male reproduction in laboratory animals, there was no clear evidence of male reproductive effects attributable to boron in studies of highly exposed workers.

#### **Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : See Reproductive toxicity.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.			

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.			

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Disodium tetraborate anhydrous	Physical form of solid powder indicates no aspiration hazard potential.

# Information on likely routes of exposure

: Inhalation is the most significant route of exposure in occupational and other settings. Dermal exposure is not usually a concern because product is poorly absorbed through intact skin. **Product is not intended for ingestion.** 

#### Potential acute health effects

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# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

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Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Symptoms of accidental over-exposure to high doses of inorganic borate salts have been associated with ingestion or absorption through large areas of severely damaged skin. These may include nausea, vomiting, and diarrhoea, with delayed effects of skin redness and peeling.
Ingestion	: This product is not intended for ingestion. Small amounts (e.g., a teaspoon) swallowed accidentally are not likely to cause effects; swallowing amounts larger than that may cause gastrointestinal symptoms. Symptoms of accidental over-exposure to high doses of inorganic borate salts have been associated with ingestion or absorption through large areas of severely damaged skin. These may include nausea, vomiting, and diarrhoea, with delayed effects of skin redness and peeling.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Symptoms of accidental over-exposure to high doses of inorganic borate salts have been associated with ingestion or absorption through large areas of severely damaged skin. These may include nausea, vomiting, and diarrhoea, with delayed effects of skin redness and peeling.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Symptoms of accidental over-exposure to high doses of inorganic borate salts have been associated with ingestion or absorption through large areas of severely damaged skin. These may include nausea, vomiting, and diarrhoea, with delayed effects of skin redness and peeling.</li> </ul>

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	<ul> <li>Human epidemiological studies show no increase in pulmonary disease in occupational populations with chronic exposures to boric acid and sodium borate dust.</li> <li>Human epidemiological studies indicate no effect on fertility in occupational populations with chronic exposures to borate dust and indicate no effect to a general population with high exposures to borates in the environment.</li> </ul>

#### Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	Chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat	17.5 mg/kg (as Boron) 0; 33 (5.9); 100 (17.5); 334 (58.5) mg boric acid (B)/kg bw per day (nominal in diet); and 0; 52 (5.9); 155 (17.5); 516 (58.5) mg borax (B)/kg/day (nominal in diet)	Oral feeding study

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

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Conclusion/Summary	: A NOAEL of 17.5 mg B/kg bw/day equivalent to 118 mg sodium tetraborate pentahydrate/kg bw/day was determined in a chronic feeding study (2 years) in rats and is based on testes effects. Other effects (renal, hematopoietic systems) are only observed at even higher doses.
	Human epidemiological studies show no increase in pulmonary disease in occupational populations with chronic exposures to boric acid and sodium borate dust.
	Human epidemiological studies indicate no effect on fertility in occupational populations with chronic exposures to borate dust and indicate no effect to a general population with high exposures to borates in the environment.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
Toxicokinetics	
Absorption	: Absorption of borates via the oral route is nearly 100 %. For the inhalation route also 100 % absorption is assumed as worst case scenario. Dermal absorption through intact skin is very low with a percent dose absorbed of < 0.5 %.
Distribution	: Boric acid is distributed rapidly and evenly through the body, with concentrations in bone 2 - 3 higher than in other tissues.
Metabolism	: In the blood boric acid is the main species present and is not further metabolised
Elimination	: Boric acid is excreted rapidly, with elimination half-lives of 1 h in the mouse, 3 h in the rat and < 27.8 h in humans, and has low potential for accumulation. Boric acid is mainly excreted in the urine.

# 11.2 Information on other hazards 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties Not available. 11.2.2 Other information Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Disodium tetraborate anhydrous	EC50 52.4 mg/l (as Boron)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Fresh water -
annyulous			Acute
	LC50 91 mg/l (as Boron)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Fresh
			water -
			Acute
	LC50 79.7 mg/l (as Boron)	Pimephales promelas	Fresh
			water -
			Acute
	NOEC 6.4 mg/l (as Boron)	Brachydanio rerio	Fresh
			water -
			Chronic
	NOEC 14.2 mg/l (as Boron)	Daphnia magna	Fresh
			water -
			Chronic
	NOEC 17.5 mg/l (as Boron)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Fresh
			water -
			Chronic

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Conclusion/Summary	: Note that the data values are expressed as boron equivalents. To convert product into equivalent boron (B) content, multiply by 0.215. Studies judged to be unreliable or with insufficient information to evaluate are not included.
	Boron is an essential micronutrient for healthy growth of plants; however, it can be harmful to boron sensitive plants in high quantities. Care should be taken to minimize the amount of this product released to the environment.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable. Inorganic substance

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	-1.53	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	<ul> <li>The product is soluble in water and is leachable through normal soil. Adsorption to soils or sediments is insignificant.</li> </ul>

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
5	Not applicable (Inorganic)	N/A	N/A		Not applicable (Inorganic)	N/A	N/A

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Product			
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.		
Hazardous waste	: Yes. This product is classified as toxic to reproduction (Repr. 1B) and falls within scope of Directive 2008/98/EC as hazardous waste (H10)		
Packaging			
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/20/2023 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 13/17		

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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Special precautions

: Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-	
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	

**14.6 Special precautions for** : Not applicable. **user** 

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

	Intrinsic property	Ingredient name	Status	Reference number	Date of revision		
	Toxic to reproduction	disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	Recommended	ED/69/2013	7/1/2015		
A	Annex XVII - Restrictions : Restricted to professional users.						

 Annex XVII - Restrictions
 : Restricted to professional users.

 on the manufacture,
 placing on the market

 and use of certain
 dangerous substances,

 mixtures and articles
 Other EU regulations

 Industrial emissions
 : Not listed

 (integrated pollution

 prevention and control) 

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

CECTION 10: Regula						
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed					
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU) Not listed.						
Prior Informed Consent (Ple Not listed.	Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU) Not listed.					
Persistent Organic Pollutar Not listed.	<u>nts</u>					
Seveso Directive This product is not controlled National regulations International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention Not listed.	under the Seveso Directive.					
Montreal Protocol Not listed.						
Stockholm Convention on Per Not listed.	ersistent Organic Pollutants					
Rotterdam Convention on Pr Not listed.	rior Informed Consent (PIC)					
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on Not listed.	POPs and Heavy Metals					
Inventory list						
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.					
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.					
China	: All components are listed or exempted.					
Eurasian Economic Union	<b>: Russian Federation inventory</b> : All components are listed or exempted.					
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.					
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.					
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.					
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.					
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.					
Thailand	: All components are listed or exempted.					
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.					
United States	: All components are active or exempted.					
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.					
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: Complete.					

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# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Key literature references	1	For general information on the toxicology of borates see Patty's Toxicology, 6th

and sources for data

Edition Vol. I, (2012) Chap. 23, 'Boron'.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Expert judgment
Repr. 1B, H360FD	Regulatory data

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

	Causes serious eye irritation. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	
Eye Irrit. 2 Repr. 1B	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B

Additional information	:	Restricted to professional users. Do not ingest. Keep out of reach of children. Refer to safety data sheet. Not for use in food, drugs or biocides
Date of issue/ Date of revision	:	20/01/2023
Date of previous issue	:	No previous validation
Version	:	1
Europe / 4.13 / EN-GB		

#### Notice to reader

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## Annex: Exposure Scenarios

Date of issue/Date of revision

16/17

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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

The following table lists the uses identified and registered for this substance. Each use has a number of applicable human health, environmental and consumer exposure scenarios. These can be found at www.borax.com/EU-REACH/ exposure-scenarios

ldentified Use Number	Identified Use	Expos	ure Scenario (ES)	Sector of Use (SU)	Article Category (AC)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Env. Release Category (ERC)	Subsequent Service Life	Borate
1	Abrasives	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Boric oxide (CAS 1303-86-2) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	Sodium pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-0)
		ES 3	Industrial use of abrasives	15	-	0: other	2, 8a, 24, 28	4	-	
		ES 4	Professional use of abrasives	15	-	0: other	2, 8a, 24, 28	8a, 8d	-	
		ES 5	Consumer use of cutting wheels	-	-	0: other	-	8a, 8d	-	
2	Adhesives	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4) Disodium octaborate (CAS 12008-41-2)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	Sodium metaborate (CAS 7775-19-1) Sodium pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-0) Dipotassium tetraborate (CAS 1332-77- 0)
		ES 3	Industrial use of adhesives	6a, 6b, 16, 17, 18, 19	-	1	2, 7, 8b, 10, 11, 13, 28	5	ES 5, ES 6, ES 7	Potassium pentaborate (CAS 11128-29- 3)
		ES 4	Consumer use of boron containing adhesives	-	-	1	-	8c, 8f	ES 7	
		ES 5	Industrial service life of adhesed articles	-	2, 8, 11	-	21	12a, 12c	-	
		ES 6	Professional service life of adhesed articles	-	2, 8, 11	-	21	10a, 11a	-	
		ES 7	Consumer service life of adhesed articles	-	2, 8, 11	-	-	10a, 11a	-	

Identified Use Number	Identified Use	Expos	ure Scenario (ES)	Sector of Use (SU)	Article Category (AC)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Env. Release Category (ERC)	Subsequent Service Life	Borate
3	Agriculture	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4) Disodium octaborate (CAS 12008-41-2
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24,	Sodium pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-C Dipotassium tetraborate (CAS 1332-77 0) Potassium pentaborate (CAS 11128-29					
		ES 3	Professional use of micronutrient fertilizers	1	-	12	2, 3, 7, 8a, 9, 11, 28	8a, 8d	3a, 8d - 3	3)
		ES 4	Consumer use of boron containing micronutrient fertiliser	-	-	12	-	8a, 8d	-	
4	Analytical reagent	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Boric oxide (CAS 1303-86-2) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	Sodium metaborate (CAS 7775-19-1) Sodium pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-0 Dipotassium tetraborate (CAS 1332-7 0)
		ES 3	Laboratory use of analytical reagent by the industry	24	-	21	2, 9, 15, 28	4, 6b	-	Potassium pentaborate (CAS 11128-29 3)
		ES 4	Laboratory use of analytical reagent by professionals	24	-	21	2, 9, 15, 28	8a, 8b	-	
5	Autocausticing	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4 Sodium metaborate (CAS 7775-19-1)
		ES 2         Formulation into solid matrix         -         -         0: other         1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28         3         -								
		ES 3	Processing aid	6b	-	20	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	4, 6b	-	

ldentified Use Number	Identified Use	Expos	ure Scenario (ES)	Sector of Use (SU)	Article Category (AC)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Env. Release Category (ERC)	Subsequent Service Life	Borate
6	Catalysts	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Boric oxide (CAS 1303-86-2) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	_	
		ES 3	Boron production	8	-	32	1, 2, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	6a	-	
		ES 4	Polymer production	17	-	32	1, 2, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	6b	-	
7	Cellulose insulation	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3)Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4)Disodium octaborate (CAS 12008-41-2)Sodium
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-0)
		ES 3	Industrial use of cellulose insulation	19	-	0: other	2, 11, 28	5	ES 5, ES 6, ES 7	
		ES 4	Professional use of cellulose insulation	19	-	0: other	2, 11, 28	8c, 8f	ES 5, ES 6, ES 7	
		ES 5	Industrial service life of cellulose insulation	-	4a	-	21	12a, 12c	-	
		ES 6	Professional service life of cellulose insulation	-	4a	-	21	10a, 11a	-	
		ES 7	Consumer service life of cellulose insulation	-	4a	-	-	10a, 11a	-	
8	Ceramics	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	_	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Boric oxide (CAS 1303-86-2) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	Disodium octaborate (CAS 12008-41-2)
		ES 3	Production of frits	13	-	20	0: other, 1, 2, 3, 7, 8b, 13, 15, 28	ба	-	

ldentified Use Number	Identified Use	Expos	ure Scenario (ES)	Sector of Use (SU)	Article Category (AC)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Env. Release Category (ERC)	Subsequent Service Life	Borate
9	Chemical synthesis	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Boric oxide (CAS 1303-86-2) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	Sodium pent	Sodium metaborate (CAS 7775-19-1) Sodium pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-0) Dipotassium tetraborate (CAS 1332-77- 0)
		ES 3	Manufacture of new chemicals using borates as intermediate	8	-	21	1, 2, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	6a	-	Potassium pentaborate (CAS 11128-29- 3)
		ES 4	Manufacture of new chemicals using borates as processing aid	8	-	21	1, 2, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	6b, 6c	-	
10	Coatings	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Boric oxide (CAS 1303-86-2) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	Disodium octaborate (CAS 12008-41-2) Dipotassium tetraborate (CAS 1332-77- 0) Potassium pentaborate (CAS 11128-29-
		ES 3	Industrial use of paints and coatings	7, 19	-	9a, 18	2, 7, 8a, 10, 13, 28	5	ES 5, ES 6, ES 7	3)
		ES 4	Professional use of paints and coatings	7, 19	-	9a, 18	2, 8a, 10, 11, 13, 28	5	ES 5, ES 6, ES 7	
		ES 5	Industrial service life of coated articles	-	7a, 8	-	21, 24	12a, 12c	-	
		ES 6	Professional service life of coated articles	-	7a, 8	-	21, 24	10a, 11a	-	
		ES 7	Consumer service life of coated articles	-	7a, 8	-	-	10a, 11a	-	

ldentified Use Number	Identified Use	Expos	sure Scenario (ES)	Sector of Use (SU)	Article Category (AC)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Env. Release Category (ERC)	Subsequent Service Life	Borate		
11	Construction material	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4) Disodium octaborate (CAS 12008-41-2)		
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	Sodium pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-0)		
		ES 3	Industrial use of borates in construction materials (plaster boards, wood)	19	-	0: other, 8	2, 8a, 21, 28	5	ES 6, ES 7, ES 8			
		ES 4	Professional use of construction materials (plaster boards, wood)	19	-	0: other, 8	2, 8a, 21, 28	8c, 8f	ES 6, ES 7, ES 8			
		ES 5	Consumer use of construction material (plaster boards, wood)	-	-	0: other	-	8c	ES 8			
		ES 6	Industrial service life of construction material	-	4a, 11a	-	21	12a, 12c	-			
		ES 7	Professional service life of construction material	-	4a, 11a	-	21	10a, 11a	-			
		ES 8	Consumer service life of construction material	-	4a, 11a	-	-	10a, 11a	-			
12	Detergents	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4) Sodium metaborate (CAS 7775-19-1)		
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	Sodium pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-0) Dipotassium tetraborate (CAS 1332-77- 0) Potassium pentaborate (CAS 11128-29-		
		ES 3	Professional use of detergents	0: other	-	35	2, 8a, 19, 28	8a	-	3)		
		ES 4	Consumer use of detergents	-	-	35	-	8a	-			
13	Glass	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Boric oxide (CAS 1303-86-2) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4)		
				ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	Dipotassium tetraborate (CAS 1332-77- 0) Potassium pentaborate (CAS 11128-29- 3)
		ES 3	Production of fiberglass, high alkali glass and low alkali glass	13	-	0: other	0: other, 1, 2, 8b, 9, 15, 28	ба	-			

ldentified Use Number	Identified Use	Expos	ure Scenario (ES)	Sector of Use (SU)	Article Category (AC)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Env. Release Category (ERC)	Subsequent Service Life	Borate
14	Industrial fluid	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4) Sodium metaborate (CAS 7775-19-1)
	E	ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	Sodium pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-0) Dipotassium tetraborate (CAS 1332-77- 0) Potassium pentaborate (CAS 11128-29-
		ES 3	General industrial use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery (ATIEL-ATC Use Group B(i))	0: other	-	16, 17, 24	1, 2, 8b, 9, 28	4, 7	-	3)
		ES 4	(Industrial) Use of lubricants and greases in open systems (ATIEL ATC Use Group C(i))	0: other	-	24	2, 7, 8b, 9, 10, 13, 28	4, 7	-	
		ES 5	(Industrial) Use of lubricants in high energy open processes (ATIEL ATC Use Group F(i))	0: other	-	24, 25	2, 8b, 17, 18, 28	4	-	
		ES 6	General professional use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery (ATIEL-ATC Group B(p))	15, 17	-	16, 17, 24	1, 2, 8a, 8b, 20	9a, 9b	-	
		ES 7	(Professional) Use of lubricants and greases in open systems (ATIEL-ATC Group C(p))	15, 17	-	24	2, 8a, 10, 11, 13	8a, 8d	-	
		ES 8	(Professional) use of lubricants in high energy open processes (ATIEL-ATC Group F(p))	15, 17	-	24, 25	2, 8a, 17, 18	8a	-	
		ES 9	General consumer use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery (ATIEL-ATC Group B(c))	-	-	24	-	9a, 9b	-	

ldentified Use Number	Identified Use	Expos	ure Scenario (ES)	Sector of Use (SU)	Article Category (AC)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Env. Release Category (ERC)	Subsequent Service Life	Borate
15	Leather manufacture	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	
		ES 3	Industrial use in leather manufacturing	5	-	23	2, 8a, 9, 10, 13, 28	6b	-	
		ES 4	Professional use in leather manufacturing	5	-	23	2, 8a, 9, 10, 13, 28	8b	-	
16	Maritime industry	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4) Disodium octaborate (CAS 12008-41-2)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	
		ES 3	Industrial production of marine ropes	1, 2b	-	0: other	2, 7, 8a, 13, 28	5	ES 5, ES 6	
		ES 4	Professional production of marine ropes	1, 2b	-	0: other	2, 8a, 11, 13, 28	8c, 8f	ES 5, ES 6	
		ES 5	Industrial service life of marine ropes	-	5h	-	21	12a, 12c	-	
		ES 6	Professional service life of marine ropes	-	5h	-	21	10a, 11a	-	

ldentified Use Number	Identified Use	Exposure	e Scenario (ES)	Sector of Use (SU)	Article Category (AC)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Env. Release Category (ERC)	Subsequent Service Life	Borate
17	Metallurgy	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	<b>all ES:</b> Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	<b>ES 1-6, ES 9, ES 11-13:</b> Boric oxide (CAS 1303-86-2)
		ES 3	Formulation into alloys	14	-	7	0: other, 1, 2, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	5	ES 11, ES 12, ES 13	<b>ES 1-2, ES 8, ES 10:</b> Disodium octaborate (CAS 12008-41-2)
		ES 4	Industrial use of fluxes for (precious) metal smelting	14	-	7	0: other, 1, 2, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	6b	-	ES 1-2, ES 7, ES 11-13: Sodium metaborate (CAS 7775-19-1) ES 1-2, ES 4-7, ES 9, ES 11-13:
		ES 5	Industrial use of flux pastes for coating brazing and welding rods	15	-	38	2, 8a, 28	5	ES 11, ES 12, ES 13	Sodium pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-0) Dipotassium tetraborate (CAS 1332-77- 0)
		ES 6	Industrial use of welding, brazing or soldering rods	14, 15, 17, 19	-	38	2, 8a, 25, 28	4, 6b	-	Potassium pentaborate (CAS 11128-29- 3)
		ES 7	Use of borates in metal treatment (plating, passivation, galvanising, cleaning, etc)	14, 17	-	14	2, 7, 8a, 8b, 10, 13, 28	5	ES 11, ES 12, ES 13	
		ES 8	Industrial use for slag stabilisation treatment	14	-	7	2, 4, 8a, 28	6b	-	
		ES 9	Professional use of welding, brazing or soldering rods	14, 15, 17, 19	-	38	2, 8a, 25, 28	8a, 8d	-	
		ES 10	Professional use for slag stabilisation treatment	14	-	7	2, 4, 8a, 28	8b	-	
		ES 11	Industrial service life of metal articles	-	7	-	21	12a, 12c	-	
		ES 12	Professional service life of metal articles	-	7	-	21	10a, 11a	-	
		ES 13	Consumer service life of metal articles	-	7	-	-	10a, 11a	-	

Identified Use Number	Identified Use	Expos	ure Scenario (ES)	Sector of Use (SU)	Article Category (AC)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Env. Release Category (ERC)	Subsequent Service Life	Borate
18	Non oxide ceramics	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Boric oxide (CAS 1303-86-2) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	
		ES 3	Intermediate use in the production of non oxide ceramic powders	13	-	0: other	0: other, 1, 2, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 24, 28	ба	-	
19	Nuclear applications	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Boric oxide (CAS 1303-86-2) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	Sodium pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-0) Dipotassium tetraborate (CAS 1332-77- 0) Potassium pentaborate (CAS 11128-29-
		ES 3	Industrial use of borates in closed nuclear system	23	-	37	1, 2, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	4, 6b	-	3)
20	Oil industry	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4) Disodium octaborate (CAS 12008-41-2) Sodium metaborate (CAS 7775-19-1) Sodium pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-0) Dipotassium tetraborate (CAS 1332-77- 0)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	
		ES 3	Industrial use of cement	2b	-	0: other	1, 2, 8b, 9, 15, 28	6b	-	Potassium pentaborate (CAS 11128-29- 3)
21	Photography	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4) Sodium metaborate (CAS 7775-19-1)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	Sodium pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-0) Dipotassium tetraborate (CAS 1332-77- 0) Potassium pentaborate (CAS 11128-29-
		ES 3	Industrial use of photographic solutions	7	-	30	2, 4, 8a, 13, 28	4	-	3)
		ES 4	Professional use of photographic solutions	7	-	30	2, 4, 8a, 9, 13, 28	8a	-	

Identified Use Number	Identified Use	Exposure Scenario (ES)		Sector of Use (SU)	Article Category (AC)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Env. Release Category (ERC)	Subsequent Service Life	Borate
22	Printing paper	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4) Sodium metaborate (CAS 7775-19-1) Sodium pentaborate (CAS 12007-92-0) Dipotassium tetraborate (CAS 1332-77- 0) Potassium pentaborate (CAS 11128-29- 3)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	_	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	
		ES 3	Use of borate PVA solutions for printing	7	-	26	2, 3, 4, 8a, 28	5	ES 5, ES 6	
		ES 4	Use of borate PVA solutions for printing	7	-	26	2, 3, 4, 8a, 28	8c	ES 5, ES 6	
		ES 5	Professional service life of printed paper	-	8	-	21	10a, 11a	-	
		ES 6	Consumer service life of printed paper	-	8	-	-	10a, 11a	-	
23	Refractories	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Boric oxide (CAS 1303-86-2) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	
		ES 3	Industrial use of refractory mixtures	14	-	15	2, 3, 7. 23	6b	-	
24	Tablet production and use	ES 1	Formulation into mixture	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 9, 15, 28	2	-	Boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) Disodium tetraborate (CAS 1330-43-4)
		ES 2	Formulation into solid matrix	-	-	0: other	1, 2, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15, 23, 24, 28	3	-	
		ES 3	Swimming pool tablet use	0: other	-	37	2, 8a, 26, 28	8a, 8d	-	